

# One Population Mean

## Confidence Interval, Sample Size & TI

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1. Final Answer:

$$\cdots < \mu < \cdots$$

2. General Format:

$$\bar{x} - E < \mu < \bar{x} + E$$

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3. Formula for margin of error  $E$ :

- $\sigma$  known

$$E = z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

- $\sigma$  unknown with  $df=n-1$

$$E = t_{\alpha/2} \cdot \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$$

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4. Finding  $z_{\alpha/2}$  Using TI:

2ND > VARS > invNorm

5. Finding  $t_{\alpha/2}$  Using TI:

2ND > VARS > invT

6. Finding Confidence Interval Using TI:

- $\sigma$  known

STAT > TESTS > ZInterval

- $\sigma$  unknown

STAT > TESTS > TInterval

7. Margin of error from CI:

$$E = \frac{\text{CI Upper Value} - \text{CI Lower Value}}{2}$$

8. Point estimate  $\bar{x}$  from CI:

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\text{CI Upper Value} + \text{CI Lower Value}}{2}$$

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9. Minimum sample size by formula:

- $\sigma$  known

$$n = \left( \frac{z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \sigma}{E} \right)^2$$

- $\sigma$  unknown

$$n = \left( \frac{z_{\alpha/2} \cdot s}{E} \right)^2$$

- Always round up.
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